

A l'aide d'un rapporteur, mesurer dans chacun des cas l'angle xOy :

The image contains ten diagrams, each showing two intersecting lines, x and y , meeting at a point O . Each diagram is associated with a callout box for measuring the angle xOy :

- 1.** Lines x and y intersect at O . Line x is nearly horizontal, and line y is nearly vertical. The angle xOy is an acute angle in the upper-right quadrant.
- 2.** Lines x and y intersect at O . Line x is nearly horizontal, and line y is nearly vertical. The angle xOy is an acute angle in the lower-left quadrant.
- 3.** Lines x and y intersect at O . Line x is nearly horizontal, and line y is nearly vertical. The angle xOy is an acute angle in the upper-left quadrant.
- 4.** Lines x and y intersect at O . Line x is nearly horizontal, and line y is nearly vertical. The angle xOy is an acute angle in the lower-right quadrant.
- 5.** Lines x and y intersect at O . Line x is nearly horizontal, and line y is nearly vertical. The angle xOy is an acute angle in the upper-right quadrant.
- 6.** Lines x and y intersect at O . Line x is nearly horizontal, and line y is nearly vertical. The angle xOy is an acute angle in the lower-left quadrant.
- 7.** Lines x and y intersect at O . Line x is nearly horizontal, and line y is nearly vertical. The angle xOy is an acute angle in the upper-left quadrant.
- 8.** Lines x and y intersect at O . Line x is nearly horizontal, and line y is nearly vertical. The angle xOy is an acute angle in the lower-right quadrant.
- 9.** Lines x and y intersect at O . Line x is nearly horizontal, and line y is nearly vertical. The angle xOy is an acute angle in the upper-right quadrant.
- 10.** Lines x and y intersect at O . Line x is nearly horizontal, and line y is nearly vertical. The angle xOy is an acute angle in the lower-left quadrant.

CORRIGE – M. QUET

